**Musa Haji**

**230701391**

**EX NO: 3**

**AGILE PLANNING**

Aim:

To prepare an Agile Plan.

THEORY

Agile planning is a part of the Agile methodology, which is a project management style

with an incremental, iterative approach. Instead of using an in-depth plan from the start

of the project—which is typically product-related—Agile leaves room for requirement

changes throughout and relies on constant feedback from end users.

With Agile planning, a project is broken down into smaller, more manageable tasks with

the ultimate goal of having a defined image of a project’s vision. Agile planning involves

looking at different aspects of a project’s tasks and how they’ll be achieved, for example:

∙ Roadmaps to guide a product’s release ad schedule

∙ Sprints to work on one specific group of tasks at a time

∙ A feedback plan to allow teams to stay flexible and easily adapt to change

User stories, or the tasks in a project, capture user requirements from the end user’s

perspective Essentially, with Agile planning, a team would decide on a set of user stories

to action at any given time, using them as a guide to implement new features or

functionalities in a tool. Looking at tasks as user stories is a helpful way to imagine how

a customer may use a feature and helps teams prioritize work and focus on delivering

value first.

∙ Steps in Agile planning process

1. Define vision

2. Set clear expectations on goals

3. Define and break down the product roadmap

4. Create tasks based on user stories

5. Populate product backlog

6. Plan iterations and estimate effort

7. Conduct daily stand-ups

8. Monitor and adapt

Result:

Thus the Agile plan was completed successfully.